CHANGES FOR 3.0

The **MOTD** application no longer updates the /usr/adm/wtmp and /usr/adm/lastlog files. This deficiency in **Workspace** has been corrected in 3.0. Thus, there is no longer a *LogoutHook* component. You'll want to:

dremove loginwindow LogoutHook

if you were previously using the '/usr/local/bin/LogoutHook' component. You should also do

```
dwrite loginwindow LoginHook /LocalApps/MOTD.app/MOTD
```

to change the LoginHook from 'LocalApps/MOTD' to '/LocalApps/MOTD.app/MOTD'.

MOTD now handles '*.rtfd' files but it no longer assumes that if the first character of a file is {, then it is in RTF format. It now only looks at file name extensions (*.rtf & *.rtfd) to determine if a file contains RTF.

MOTD no longer uses the files mail.snd and newmail.snd on the /LocalLibrary/Sounds directory (these *.snd files contained the "You have mail" and "You have new mail" voice alerts). Instead, it contains localizable sound files in the MOTD.app application bundle itself.

The system defaults have been moved from the MOTD.h to the file Defaults.strings in the MOTD.app application bundle.

DESCRIPTION

The **MOTD** application (designed to run as a *LoginHook* under loginwindow or be *launched*) displays the contents of the file /etc/motd (or any file you choose) in a window when a user logs on. By default, the application checks the modification date of the file against the user's last login time (as recorded in /usr/adm/wtmp) and does nothing if the file hasn't changed.

The **MOTD** window has three buttons, one to *hold* the window on the screen (it goes away automatically in 25 seconds--the *hold* button displays the count down), another to *quit* (and proceed with the login) and a third to *cancel* the login (only enabled if **MOTD** is run as a *LoginHook*). **MOTD** also implements a *Mail Alert* panel which appears if there is unread mail. The panel automatically goes away (in a couple of seconds) if there isn't a new /etc/motd message.

To get an idea of what **MOTD** does (without installing it), as root do:

```
#touch /etc/motd
#MOTD
```

When used as a LoginHook, the window appears over a blank screen just as the user logs in. MOTD supports RTF.

INSTALLATION

To install MOTD as a *LoginHook*, put it on /LocalApps, put LogoutHook on /usr/local/bin and as *root* do:

dwrite loginwindow LoginHook /LocalApps/MOTD.app/MOTD

alternatively, the file /etc/ttys can be modified to include the -LoginHook arguments to loginwindow.

You may want to consider commenting out the following lines in /usr/adm/monthly that trim the wtmp and lastlog files or else users may see messages they've read over again and the loging information won't be correct:

```
# Trim the lastlog
# cp -p /usr/adm/lastlog /usr/adm/lastlog.old
# cat /dev/null > /usr/adm/lastlog
# Trim wtmp
# cp -p /usr/adm/wtmp /usr/adm/wtmp.old
# cat /dev/null > /usr/adm/wtmp
```

You may want to come up with some less frequent scheme for triming the wtmp file. A program that can do this, trimwtmp.c, is included and can be added to the /usr/adm/monthly cleanup. See the trimwtmp.c file for details. Finally, restart the window server (login as *EXIT* or reboot) for this to take effect. Update /etc/motd as appropriate.

If you don't want to make **MOTD** a requirement for users, then don't make it a *LoginHook* but instead have interested users add it to their dock and set it launch at startup using the '*Preferences...*' panel of **Workspace**.

DEFAULTS

MOTD has the following defaults that can be changed (if used as a *LoginHook*, they have to be changed in *root's* defaults database):

File -- The file to display, defaults to /etc/motd.

Wait -- The amount of time to display File, defaults to 25 seconds.

MailWait -- The amount of time to display mail alert, defaults to 2 seconds.

Hold -- Whether or not (Yes or No) to come up held, No by default. If Yes then the Hold button won't appear.

OnlyOnce -- Whether or not (Yes or No) to check file date, Yes by default. If No, displays file on every login.

The defaults can be changed via root's defaults database or by editing their values in the Defaults.strings file in the MOTD.app application bundle.

MOTD also uses the *SystemAlert* default of the *System* entry in the defaults database to control voice messages on the mail alerts. This value can be set (by *root* if **MOTD** is a *LoginHook*) via the 'Use Voice Alerts' checkbox in the **Preferences** application. You may need to force an entry for *SystemAlert* by cycling the 'Use Voice Alerts' checkbox (turning off and on the check mark) as *root's* defaults database may not contain an entry for *SystemAlert* even though the checkbox is selected.

FILE FORMAT

The *File* is assumed to be any plain text format acceptable to a *ScrollView*. **MOTD** also recognizes the 'rtf' and 'rtfd' file extensions as *RTF* (rich text format) files and displays them as such. If you use *RTF* files with **MOTD**, it is probably best to create separate files, motd and motd.rtf, and change the *File* default above to use the motd.rtf (or motd.rtfd) file (*dwrite* the new *File* default as *root* if **MOTD** is a *LoginHook*):

dwrite MOTD File /etc/motd.rtf

This prevents network logins being presented with the RTF structured text.

DIAGNOSTICS

MOTD is designed to run as a *LoginHook* for the loginwindow program and thus always tries to return *success* (0), even on error, so that the user can still log in if the program runs into trouble. The *'Cancel Login'* button causes the program to exit with *failure* (1) and abort the login.

BUGS

MOTD determines that a file is in *RTF* format based on its extension and doesn't look at content.

An affirmative database value for *Hold* and *OnlyOnce* can be 'Yes', YES' or 'yes' but not 'true'. Anything not starting with Y/y is considered 'No'.

The console device that **MOTD** enters into the wtmp file is hardcoded in MOTD_main.m since basename(ttyname(0)) didn't work in the context of a LoginHook.

The timeout should probably be a function of the number of lines of text in the file being displayed.

AUTHORS

Christopher Lane (lane@sumex-aim.stanford.edu) Symbolic Systems Resources Group Knowledge Systems Laboratory Stanford University

Izumi Ohzawa (izumi@violet.berkeley.edu) Group in Neurobiology/School of Optometry University of California, Berkeley

Steve Hayman (sahayman@cs.indiana.edu)

Computer Science Department Workstation Manager